# THE SKIN TRADE

In the past, if you wanted to dramatically improve your looks, it often meant going under the knife and spending weeks recuperating in pain and solitude. But these days, addressing nagging dark circles, age spots or the toll of stress on your body is simpler and faster. And procedures to make you look and feel your best aren't just the domain of women anymore. Men of all ages are flocking to clinics that offer the latest in age-defying procedures.

#### **FACE TIME**

For the modern man and woman, there are many options to keep at bay the inevitable signs of aging. While demand for more invasive, time-intensive procedures has waned with the recession, people still want to look good, says Julio Gallo, MD, FACS, a facial plastic surgeon at The Miami Institute for Age Management and Intervention. Whether they cumulatively lead to a healthier and younger face decades from now remains to be seen. But for today, here are our best options.

• Botox: Intended to remove those pesky frown lines and wrinkles on the forehead, Botox Cosmetic is the most popular option and works as a paralyzing agent designed to stop muscles from moving. Derived from the Clostridium botulinum bacterium (ves. the same toxin from canned foods that causes botulism), the purified protein acts on the nerve impulses that signal a muscle to contract, usually of only the muscle that is used for a specific expression, like sauinting or frowning. Results are seen in about three to seven days and can last three to four months. Easily done in an average doctor's visit, you'll leave with half a dozen pinpricks on your face. Want a longer result? Dysport, also a Clostridium botulinum derivative, was approved by the FDA earlier this year. It takes about two days to begin working and lasts four to five months, but the research is early. Eva Ritvo, co-author of The Beauty Prescription and chair of the department of psychiatry at University of Miami Miller School of

Medicine, says the effects of Botox can improve a person's disposition. Its ability to take away frown lines makes a person appear happier and more approachable, she said, allowing improvements in the moods of patients who used it. While Botox injections were up 8% in 2008 from the previous year, with over 1.7 million injections, according to the American Society of Plastic Surgeons, be cautious. In April, the FDA issued a black-box warning for both products, cautioning users that the toxin can migrate from the injection site, causing paralysis in other areas and difficulty breathing and swallowing.

• Fill Factor: Great for adding back the volume to your face that you lose with age, fillers are especially good for areas around the eyes and below the cheekbones, jowl lines, crow's feet and laugh lines. "The filler market is still huge," with the quality of the material constantly improving, said Donn Chatham, MD, President of The American Academy of Facial Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery in Alexandria, Va. While Botox is ideal for the upper third of the face, fillers offer an option for the lower part because they don't have the same paralyzing effect, allowing expression. Most fillers can last six to nine months, but there are many different types, each appropriate for a different area of the face and composed of different compounds. Perlane, Restylane and Juvederm are all hyaluronic acid injectables, and are most commonly used to fill deeper wrinkles around the mouth. With results lasting up to 12 months, hvaluronic fillers are growing in popularity, but other products are coming forth. Evolence, a porcinederived collagen filler, was recently approved to treat moderate to deep facial wrinkles, and got additional labeling from the FDA, which says it also lasts up to 12 months.

Carlos Wolf, MD, a facial plastic surgeon with Miami Plastic Surgery, uses fat as fillers, transferring fat from parts of the body where there is excess and injecting it into areas of the face. He says fat can survive longer, since your body is less likely to reject your own tissues.

#### **PICKING UP THE SLACK**

Wrinkles are not the only foes of youth. As we age, natural plumpers and skin-firming compounds like collagen and hyaluronic acid decrease, resulting in less taut skin. But modern science is doing its part to eliminate the dreaded turkey neck.

**♦ Lasers:** Lasers provide various wavelengths of energy to different levels of the skin, depending on the outcome desired. Most use heat to stimulate collagen, rejuvenating the skin, minimizing wrinkles and tightening lax skin. Newer, nonablative lasers don't destroy the skin's surface. They work well for skin tightening and can also treat wrinkles, brown spots, stretch marks, scars and even precancerous lesions, says Joely Kaufman, director of lasers for the Cosmetic Medicine and Research Institute at University of Miami Miller School of Medicine. "There's less wounding, faster healing and less risk" with fractional lasers, Chatham says. He points to a new device called Pelleve, which was approved in May by the FDA to treat mild to moderate facial wrinkles, that uses advanced radiowave technology for skin tightening. Data used for FDA approval showed that after one 15- to 20-minute session, male and female patients had immediate improvements in skin laxity and wrinkles, with continued response six months later.

As its name implies, Thermage is another noninvasive, nonablative device that delivers heat to the lower layers of the skin using radiofrequencies resulting in collagen production. Studies show it improves skin laxity, especially around the eyes and jowl area, typically with one treatment. It's more expensive than Botox and fillers, but provides more dramatic effects, closer to those you would achieve with a facelift, Wolf says.

• Facelifts: If subtle tweaks aren't for you, or you don't want to get

"beamed up," the gold standard to eliminate severe wrinkles and sagging skin is still a facelift. But interest is waning; there were 5% fewer facelifts performed in 2008 than 2007. However, new techniques have made the process less invasive than previously, as physicians are making smaller incisions, resulting in quicker healing and less downtime. For example the minimal access cranial suspension (MACS) is a "short-scar" lift to address laxity on the lower and middle third of the face. It can be performed under local anesthesia in less than three hours, and has about a two- to three-week recovery period.

• Liposuction: Liposuction is becoming more and more common because "we're obsessed with obesity," Gallo says. However, the number of liposuction procedures fell 19% in 2008 compared to 2007. He cautions that lipo shouldn't be viewed as a solution for weight loss, but merely as a treatment for problem areas like saddlebags, the back, arms, ankles and hips. And most physicians recommend liposuction only if you are within 25 to 30 lbs of your recommended body weight.

Ultrasound liposuction, which has been used in the United States for many years, uses a high-frequency vibration or ultrasonic energy to melt the fat, making it more amenable to removal. SmartLipo, perhaps the favored technique, uses a laser under the skin to liquefy the fat deposits,

IN 2008, \$10.3
BILLION WAS SPENT
ON COSMETIC
PROCEDURES
(DOWN 9%), AND 1.1
MILLION COSMETIC
PROCEDURES WERE
PERFORMED ON MEN.

- AMERICAN SOCIETY OF PLASTIC SURGEONS



# NIP & TUCK FOR HIM

Cosmetic procedures, both surgical and minimally invasive, are becoming more popular with men. Men make up almost 10% of all cosmetic patients, with 1.1 million procedures performed in 2008. From 2007 to 2008, pectoral implant operations increased 204% from 440 to 1,335. Here's the list of what's up and what's down among men.

2008 TOP PROCEDURES FOR MEN (MINIMALLY INVASIVE AND SURGICAL)

#### вотох

# OF PROCEDURES: 314,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: +6%

#### **NOSE RESHAPING**

# OF PROCEDURES: 75,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: +1%

#### HAIR TRANSPLANTATION

# OF PROCEDURES: 13,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: -5%

# **EYELID SURGERY**

# OF PROCEDURES: 31,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: -11%

#### LASER SKIN RESURFACING

# OF PROCEDURES: 49,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: +17%

# LASER HAIR REMOVAL

# OF PROCEDURES: 174,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: +1%

# MICRODERMABRASION

# OF PROCEDURES: 174,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: -5%

# CHEMICAL PEEL

# OF PROCEDURES: 86,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: +2%

# **BREAST REDUCTION**

# OF PROCEDURES: 17,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: -16%

# LIPOSUCTION

# OF PROCEDURES: 27,000 CHANGE FROM 2007: -17% requiring a very small incision and cauterizing blood vessels as it works, resulting in less bleeding and bruising and a shorter recovery time compared to traditional procedures. SmartLipo also only requires local anesthesia, eliminating neurological risks related to general anesthesia. Finally, the laser also offers the combined benefit of skin tightening.

# **HAIR RAISERS**

Want more of it or can't stand it? Here are the best treatments available to tame our locks and lashes.

- Laser Removal: For unwanted hair, laser treatments are the primary measure for permanent removal, replacing waxing, electrolysis and shaving. Pigmentation in the hair absorbs the laser, which then kills the hair follicle and stunts the hair growth. Typically, six half-hour treatments are required, and although it can be costly, results are generally permanent with one or two maintenance sessions per year. Blond, white or gray hairs are less responsive to laser treatments and sometimes cannot be treated. Also, avoid tanning or tanning cream four to six weeks prior to treatment, as the pigmentation will alter the effectiveness of the laser and increase the risk of rare side effects, like blistering and discoloration of the skin.
- Transplants: Hair restoration by transplanting individual follicles creates a natural appearance for balding men and women. "A modern-day hair transplant patient walks right by you and you don't even notice," says Bernard Nusbaum, MD, of The Hair Transplant Institute of Miami, which focuses only on hair restoration. His procedure involves a local anesthetic, then removing a small strip of the scalp from the so-called "donor" area where hair is still available. He then separates 2,000 to 4,000 hair follicles and makes tiny openings at a precise angle intended to control hair growth, inserting the follicles one by one into the tiny perforations. Within three months, the patient begins growing hair that will be there for the rest of his life.
- Batty Lashes: Who doesn't want Bette Davis eyes? Long full eyelashes have been the quest of many for decades. Newly approved Latisse, available by prescription, is a topical ointment applied daily to the eyelashes that has been proven to make them longer, fuller and darker. Results start to show in eight weeks, and full results can be seen at 16 weeks. However, Latisse must be applied every day, or eyelash growth will revert to normal in a few weeks to months. The most common side effect is itchy eyes.

If you don't want a daily prescription product or have sensitive eyes, try eyelash extensions. Los Angeles-based eyelash stylist Sandi Schroeder, who works with A-listers, typically applies 60 to 80 lash extensions per eye on her clients with glue and tweezers in a two-hour process that costs about \$300 for a full set. The results require touchups every two to four weeks. The procedure can add dimension and length with a natural look, she says.

DATA FOR THE RECENTLY
APPROVED PELLEVE LASER
SHOWED THAT AFTER ONE
SESSION, PATIENTS' SKIN LAXITY
AND WRINKLES IMMEDIATELY
IMPROVED, AND SHOWED
RESPONSE SIX MONTHS LATER.

BOTOX IS DERIVED FROM
THE CLOSTRIDIUM
BOTULINUM BACTERIUM
(YES, THE SAME TOXIN
FROM CANNED FOODS THAT
CAUSES BOTULISM), AND
WORKS AS A PARALYZING
AGENT DESIGNED TO STOP
MUSCLES FROM MOVING.

# **AUGMENT ME! OR I LIKE BIG...**

Don't just think C cups! Men and women these days are looking to increase, fill out, lift and boost in all sorts of places. Science is evolving, too. Pectoral implant procedures have skyrocketed over the last year, increasing 203% compared to 2007.

- Breasts: Breast augmentation remains one of the most popular operations, says Colen. While saline is still the norm, he uses once-banned silicone breast implants, convinced they have a more natural look and feel. He is part of a clinical trial to test a not-yet-approved "gummy bear" or cohesive gel implant—a teardropshaped implant with a Jell-O-like consistency instead of liquid. Newer implants allow doctors to more precisely measure the patient and better customize the size and shape of the implant. Brad Herman, MD, a Miami plastic surgeon, uses an endoscope for a less invasive surgery. Through a tiny incision, the implant is placed in the right area. The device has a camera attached at the end, outside of the body, which transmits the picture to a monitor that guides the doctor into placing the implant properly. The advantage is no visible scar on the breast, since the breast tissue is not cut.
- Pecs: What can be done for women can also be done for men. The pectoral implant procedure involves inserting a silicone implant through a small incision in the armpit, usually guided with an endoscope, under the pectoral muscle. Often liposuction is performed at the same time. As with breast implants, full recovery can take up to eight weeks. And expect to tap the bank—pec implants run from \$5,000 to \$7,000.
- Buttocks: Also increasing in popularity are buttock implants or lifts, for which there were 3,228 surgeries performed in 2008, up 8% from 2007. Often called the Brazilian butt lift, the procedure removes fat from one part of your body, liquefies it and reinjects it into the buttocks through hundreds of injections, along with liposuction of the buttock area. The procedure is designed to give more volume and lift to the upper quadrant of the buttock area. For those with very little fat, silicon implants can be inserted through a small incision in the crease between the two buttocks; however most physicians prefer the fat transfer method. For either method, patients must not sit directly on the buttocks for three weeks. \$

